



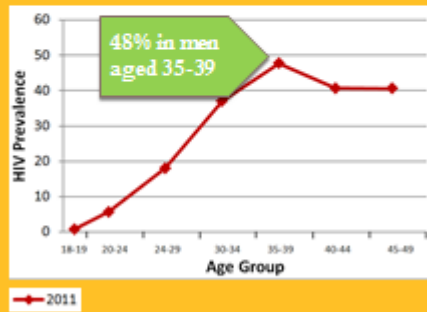
SWAZILAND KEY HEALTH STATISTICS FEBRUARY, 2013

HIV

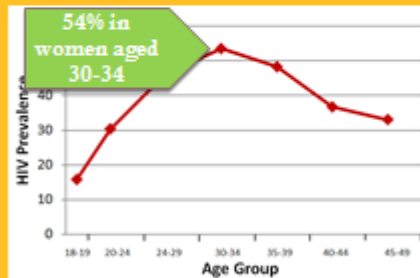
- Estimated HIV Prevalence (Age 18–49): **31 %**. Prevalence is higher in women (38%) compared to men (23%). Prevalence represents the number of infected people in the population alive at a given point in time. (*SHIMS, 2012*).
- Adult HIV incidence is **2.4%**. For every 1000 people aged 18-49, there are 24 new infections each year. (*SHIMS, 2012*)
- HIV prevalence among sex workers: is **70.3%**. (*Central Statistical Office & Macro International, 2008*)
- HIV positive people in the country in 2011: **195 399** (*Swaziland Annual Health Statistics Report, 2011*).
- Number of people receiving antiretroviral treatment (ART): **72,402**. Includes 65,835 adults and 6,567 children. (*Swaziland MOH; Quarterly Service Coverage Report, April- June, 2012*)
- Estimated Number of People Needing ART: **96,140** (*Swaziland MOH; Quarterly Service Coverage Report, April- June, 2012*)
- HIV+ pregnant women are receiving antiretrovirals for their health or for prevention of mother to child transmission (MTCT): **91 %** (*PMTCT Annual Report, 2011*)

2011 HIV PREVALENCE IN SWAZILAND SHIMS SURVEY (AGES 18-49)

Men: Prevalence by Age

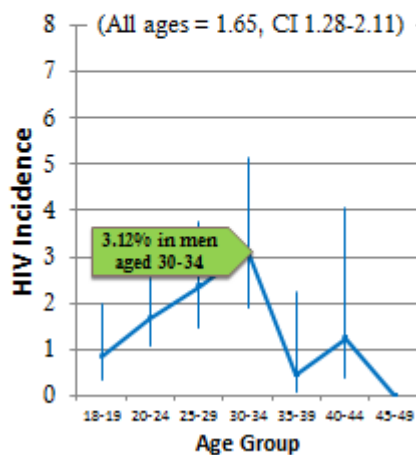


Women: Prevalence by Age

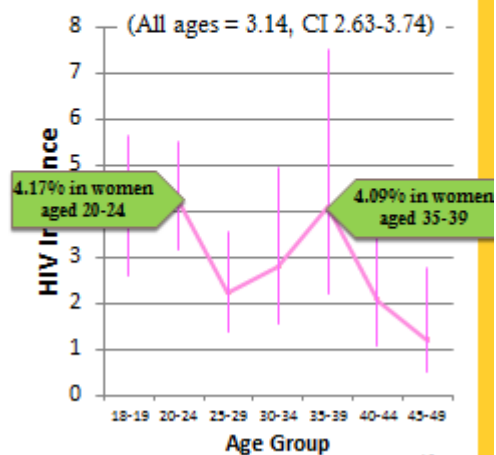


HIV Incidence in Swaziland by Age and Sex

Men: Incidence by Age



Women: Incidence by Age





TB – Tuberculosis (data source: *ART Annual Report, 2012 and TB Annual Report 2012*)

- TB incidence: **1,287 new infections** estimated per 100,000 people
- TB patients tested positive for HIV: **86%**
- TB deaths per 100 000 population: **64**
- About 200 multidrug resistant TB cases estimated to be occurring annually.
- TB case detection rate: increased from 49% in 2006 to 78% in 2011.
- ART uptake among co-infected patients: increased from 35% in 2010 to 51% in 2011.
- The TB treatment success rate: increased from 42% in 2007 to 71% in 2011.

IMPACT MITIGATION –

N.B.: Children are classified as orphaned and vulnerable if they have experienced the death of either parent, if either parent is chronically ill, or if an adult (age 18-59) in the household either died (after being chronically ill).

- Food insecure: **11%** of the population (115,000) are food insecure (Vulnerability Assessment Committee, 2012)
- Estimated number of orphans: **75,000 (2011)**
- Children classified as OVC: **45%** (approximately 220,000).
- Orphans: **23.6%**
- Rural households that host at least one orphan: **38%**
- Children classified as poor: **70%**
- OVC who are stunted: **39%**.
- Children under 5: **31%** are OVC, whereas **57%** of adolescents are OVC.
- Access basic needs: **38%** of OVC do not access basic needs (basic needs: 1 meal per day, two sets of clothing and one pair of shoes).

MORTALITY (Annual Health Statistics Report, 2011)

- Life expectancy at birth: 45.2 years
- Infant mortality rate: For every 1000 births, 101 child die per year.
- Maternal mortality rate: 589 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births.
- Under 5 mortality rate: For every 1 000 children under 5, 146 children die annually.